1	Supporting Information	
2	Biosensor Medaka for Monitoring Intersex Caused by Estrogenic Chemicals	
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21 Analytical Processes for Actual Chemical Concentrations in Exposure Tanks. The actual concentrations for 17α -EE₂ and 17β -E₂ exposure groups were determined by using SPE 22 concentration combined with UPLC-ESI-MS/MS. In brief, the water samples (1 L for vehicle 23 control groups, 0.5 ng/L, 1 ng/L and 2 ng/L EE₂ exposure groups and 500 mL for 4 ng/L, 8 24 ng/L, 16 ng/L and 32 ng/L EE₂ exposure groups; 1 L for vehicle control groups and 5 ng/L 25 17β-E₂ exposure groups and 500 mL for 10 ng/L, 20 ng/L and 40 ng/L 17β-E₂ exposure 26 groups) were collected from each exposure tanks and then were spiked with 10 ng of 27 17α -EE₂-d₄ or 10 ng of 17β -E₂-d₃, respectively, (Wako Pure Chemical Co.) as internal 28 29 standard and were extracted through HLB cartridges (6 mL, 500 mg, Waters) at a flow rate of 5-10 mL/min. The cartridge was preconditioned with 6 mL of ethyl acetate (Fisher Chemical 30 Co.), 6 mL of acetonitrile (Fisher Chemical Co.) and 12 mL of distilled water. Then the 31 32 cartridges were rinsed with 10 mL of distilled water and dried under a flow of nitrogen. Target analytes were subsequently eluted with 15 mL of ethyl acetate. The eluates were 33 evaporated to dryness under a gentle stream of nitrogen and reconstituted with 0.5 mL of 34 methanol (Fisher Chemical Co.) for UPLC-ESI-MS/MS analysis. The recoveries of 35 17α -EE₂-d₄ and 17β -E₂-d₃ were 86±13% and 82±6%, respectively. The method detection 36 limits (MDL) of 17α -EE₂ and 17β -E₂ for 1 L water samples were both at 0.1 ng/L. 37

For analyzing actual 4-NP concentrations, 100 μ L water samples were collected from each exposure tanks and then were spiked with 100 μ L of 10 μ g/L 4-n-NP (Wako Pure Chemical Co.) in methanol as internal standard for UPLC-ESI-MS/MS analysis, and the MDL of 4-NP for water samples was 1.0 μ g/L.

The LC apparatus was an Acquity Ultra Performance LC (Waters). For EE₂ and 17β -E₂, Acquity UPLC® BEH C8 column (100 × 2.1 mm, 1.7 µm particle size) (Waters) was used for separation. The column was maintained at 40°C at a flow rate of 0.3 mL/min and the injection volume was 5 µL. Methanol and ultrapure water were used as mobile phases.

Methanol was initially increased linearly from 10% to 50% in 0.5 min, to 80% in the next 5.5 46 min, to 100% in the following 1.0 min, and kept for 1.0 min. The column was then 47 equilibrated for 3.0 min. For 4-NP, a Waters Acquity UPLC® BEH C18 column (100×2.1 48 49 mm, 1.7 µm particle size) coupled with a Waters Acquity UPLC® BEH C18 column (50×2.1 mm, 1.7 µm particle size) was used for separation. The guard column was used for decreasing 50 contamination from UPLC system. The column was maintained at 40°C at a flow rate of 0.15 51 ml/min and the injection volume was 5µL. Methanol and water were used as mobile phases. 52 Methanol was initially increased linearly from 20% to 50% in 0.5 min, to 90% in the next 3.0 53 min, to 100% in the following 1.5 min, and kept for 1.0 min. The column was then 54 equilibrated for 3.0 min. 55

Mass spectrometry was performed using a Quattro PremierTM XE detector (Waters) which was operated with ESI in the negative ion (NI) mode. The detection conditions of the mass spectrometer were as follows: capillary voltage, 3.0 kV; source temperature, 110°C; desolvation temperature, 400°C; desolvation gas flow, 800 L/h; and cone gas flow, 50 L/h. Finally, the data acquisition was performed under time-segmented conditions based on the chromatographic separation of the target compounds to maximize sensitivity of detection.

Compound	MRM transition	Cone voltage (V)	Collision energy (eV)
17α -ethynylestradiol	279>133	30	21
(EE_2) 17 α -ethvnvlestradiol-d ₄	279>159	20	21
(EE_2-d_4)	283>135	30	21
17β-estradiol (17β- E_2)	255 > 159 255 > 133	33	20 20
17β-estradiol-d ₃ (17β-E ₂ -d ₃)	258 > 159	33	20
4-nonvlphenol (4-NP)	219.2>132.9	40	24
	219.2>147.6	40	16
4-n-NP	219.2>105.8	40	24

102 1000 01, 1 diamotor 101 1 mary $2m_{\rm c}$ $1/p$ $D2$ and 1101 0, 01 $D0$ $D01 m_{\rm c}$	62	Table S1. I	Parameters for	or Analyzi	ng EE2,	17β-E2 a	ind 4-NP by	UPLC-ESI-MS	/MS
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65 TAGTTATTACTAGCGCTACCGGACTCAGATCTCGAGCTCCAAGCTTCGAATTCTGCAGTCGACG 66 GTACC<u>TTCAACTTGTGTGGGGTAGATGTAGCTTAACAAGCTTCAGTTTTGAAGGTGGTACACT</u> 67 **GGAAATAAACACTTTACCTCTGATACACCCCCGCTTTCTCCACTGACCTTGCTGTGATTGGCC** <u>AAACGCTCCCCTTTGATGTGCACATCCATCTTTGCAAAAGTTCCATTTTAAATCTTTTTGCGCG</u> 68 69 70 CCCCACAAGGAATGAAGGCCTGTGCTTCGGAGATTTGAGGCTAGGTAAATGAGCTGCAAAAA 71 <u>AACCCATTGTGTGCCAAAGGTTGTATGGTTTACTCTGAAATGCTTAGGAATGGTATAGGCCCTT</u> 72 <u>CAATCTTACCTGAATTTAAGACTTTAGTACATGAGTATTAAATCAGATTATTCCAAAGTAAATG</u> 73 **CATGTATAGAAGCCAATTTAGACTTGTTTTGCACAACTTTGATTACCTTAAGCTTCCGAATTTG** 74 TTCAGGGGGGCTGCACTTGACTCTCTAAGCTTGTATTTTTGGTTGAACCAAATAACCATTGAA 75 GCTAAATGCTTTAACTGCACAGCTCTCATGCAATAGTCTTGATTTTGCTGTTAAAGGTGCCAGT 76 TTTGATATCTGATTCAGGTGTCACTGAAAGTGAAGTGGAACACACCTGGGGTCACCTCTGCA 77 78 TTTACAGTTAAAAATGGAAAAATGTTAGTGAAGATGTAGCTGGACCATCTGCCATCTCATGGT 79 **TGGATATTACTCCCATGAACCACCTGACGCTTCAGGACAAATGTGGAAACTTGGATGTTATTTT** 80 AAATCAATTTTTAAAATGTTATCTGCCATTGAGTTGCATTAATTTTAAATGTGGAAGATCTCATC 81 TTTCAAATTTGTGTAAGTTTTACACATACCAAAGAAAACGCCAAACATTTTTTAAATGATGGA 82 83 <u>CAGAACTCACTGAATCCCTTTTTGGGTCACGGGGTTGCTGGAGCCAATCCAGCTACTGTTGTG</u> 84 <u>CAAAGGTGGGATACACCCTGAACACTTCACCAGCCTGTTGCAAGGCCACACATTCACAGCCA</u> 85 CACCTAGCAGAAATTGAGAGATACCAATTAACCCATGAGCCTTTGTTTTTGAACCAAGAAAGG <u>AAACCAGAGTGTGAAAACCCACGCATGCTCGAGGAAATCACGCAAACCACAAAGGATCC</u> 86 87 AGCCAGAATTCAAACCAGGGCCTTCTCACTGTGAAGCAAGATCGCTAACAAGTACAGCACCG 88 89 **TTGTAAAGAAAATGTTTTTTTACAAAAGGCCTTACAAAATCATGTGCTGTACACACCATTCTT** 90 $\underline{CAGTTCAAACAAATAATGAAAGTAATGACATTAAGAATTGTTTCTGTCTTTAGGTTGTTATT}$ 91 TCAACTTTAATACAGAATTATTGCTGTCAATACTATTTTGACTGAAAAATATATGTGTAAGAACA 92 <u>AAAAGCACATGACACCAAGATGTGAAAAAATTAAAGTAAAAAAATGTTTTTGACATGAGATGT</u> 93 TGCAACAAGACTCTGAAGTATAGATTTTTCTGGGGGTTTTGTTAAAGTAAACGTTTAAAATTTTA 94 GAAATGAGAAAATATTTTTGATCCAAAACACATCATTTAATTCTGTAAACATTGGCTTAACCAG 95 **GCATTCAAAACAAAACATATTTGTCTAAGAACTTCTGTTCATGTGAACTTGGTGACAGGTTTA** 96 AGATGGGATTGGTCAATGAAACAGAATGGATGACTATTCTTGTTAAGCAGCAGCTGCTTCCAC 97 TTAACAATTTTCTCCAATCAGCTTTGCGGATCAGATATAAGCAGCAGGATGAAGGCATTGGAA 98 <u>CATGTCACTGAGTTTAGTCTTGGGCATCAGTCAATAGCAACCAGCAGACCCGGGATCCACCG</u> 99 GTCGCCACCATGGTGAGCAAGGGCGAGGAGCTGTTCACCGGGGTGGTGCCCATCCTGGTCGA 100 **GCTGGACGGCGACGTAAACGGCCACAAGTTCAGCGTGTCCGGCGAGGGCGAGGGCGATGCC** 101 ACCTACGGCAAGCTGACCCTGAAGTTCATCTGCACCACCGGCAAGCTGCCCGTGCCCTGGCC 102 CACCCTCGTGACCACCTGACCTACGGCGTGCAGTGCTTCAGCCGCTACCCCGACCACATGA 103 AGCAGCACGACTTCTTCAAGTCCGCCATGCCCGAAGGCTACGTCCAGGAGCGCACCATCTTC 104 TTCAAGGACGACGGCAACTACAAGACCCGCGCGCGAGGTGAAGTTCGAGGGCGACACCCTGG 105 TGAACCGCATCGAGCTGAAGGGCATCGACTTCAAGGAGGACGGCAACATCCTGGGGCACAA

- 106 <u>GCTGGAGTACAACTACAACAGCCACAACGTCTATATCATGGCCGACAAGCAGAAGAACGGCA</u>
- 107 TCAAGGTGAACTTCAAGATCCGCCACAACATCGAGGACGGCAGCGTGCAGCTCGCCGACCAC
- 108
 TACCAGCAGAACACCCCCATCGGCGACGGCCCCGTGCTGCCCGACAACCACTACCTGAG
- 109 CACCCAGTCCGCCCTGAGCAAAGACCCCCAACGAGAAGCGCGATCACATGGTCCTGCTGGAGT
- 110 TCGTGACCGCCGCGGGATCACTCTCGGCATGGACGAGCTGTACAAGTAA
- 111
- 112 Figure S1: Part of DNA sequences of pMOSP1-EGFP construct. "-" indicates the DNA
- sequence (2067 bp) of the proximal promoter region of OSP1 gene in medaka fish (orange
- 114 red strain, *Oryzias latipes*); "~" indicates the DNA sequence of EGFP.